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Type Package

Title Functions for Discordant Kinship Modeling

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Description Functions for discordant kinship modeling (and other sibling-based quasi-experimental designs). Currently, the package contains data restructuring functions and functions for generating biometrically informed data for kin pairs.

URL https://github.com/R-Computing-Lab/discord,

https://r-computing-lab.github.io/discord/

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LazyData TRUE

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Encoding UTF-8

Depends R (>= 3.50)

Imports stats

Suggests NlsyLinks, broom, dplyr, janitor, kableExtra, knitr, magrittr, rmarkdown, scales, snakecase, testthat

VignetteBuilder knitr

Repository https://r-computing-lab.r-universe.dev

RemoteUrl https://github.com/r-computing-lab/discord

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discord-package Functions for Discordant Kinship Modeling.

Description

Utilities and functions for discordant kinship modeling (and other sibling-based quasi-experimental designs). Currently, the package contains data restructuring functions and functions for generating biometrically informed data for kin pairs.

Note

The release version is available through CRAN by running install.packages('discord'). The most recent development version is available through GitHub by running devtools::install_github (repo = 'R-Computing-Lab/discord') (make sure devtools is already installed). If you're having trouble with the package, please install the development version. If this doesn't solve your problem, please create a new issue, or email Mason.

Author(s)

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References

Garrison et al. (2019)

Examples

library(discord) # Load the package into the current R session.

```
## Not run:
# Install/update discord with the release version from CRAN.
install.packages("discord")
```

```
# Install/update discord with the development version from GitHub
# install.packages('devtools') #Uncomment if `devtools` isn't installed already.
devtools::install_github("R-Computing-Lab/discord")
```

End(Not run)

Description

This function checks for common errors in the provided data, including the correct specification of identifiers (ID, sex, race) and their existence in the data.

Usage

```
check_discord_errors(data, id, sex, race, pair_identifiers)
```

Arguments

data	The data to perform a discord regression on.
id	A unique kinship pair identifier.
sex	A character string for the sex column name.
race	A character string for the race column name.
pair_identifier	`S
	A character vector of length two that contains the variable identifier for each kinship pair.

Value

An error message if one of the conditions are met.

check_sibling_order Check Sibling Order

Description

This function determines the order of sibling pairs based on an outcome variable. It function checks which of the two kinship pairs has more of a specified outcome variable. It adds a new column named 'order' to the dataset, indicating which sibling (identified as "s1" or "s2") has more of the outcome. If the two siblings have the same amount of the outcome, it randomly assigns one as having more.

Usage

```
check_sibling_order(data, outcome, pair_identifiers, row)
```

Arguments

data	The data set with kinship pairs
outcome	A character string containing the outcome variable of interest.
pair_identifier	`S
	A character vector of length two that contains the variable identifier for each kinship pair
row	The row number of the data frame

Value

A character string signifying which familial member (1, 2, or neither) has more of the outcome.

data_flu_ses Flu Vaccination and SES Data

Description

A data frame that accompanies the regression vignette. It contains data on SES and flu vaccination.

Usage

data_flu_ses

Format

A data frame.

Kinship pairs and their relatedness, SES, and flu vaccination information.

Source

NLSY/R Lab

data_sample Sample Data from NLSY

Description

A data frame output from the NlsyLinks package that contains data for kinship pairs' height and weight.

Usage

data_sample

discord_cond

Format

A data frame.

Kinship pairs and their relatedness, height, and weight information.

Source

NLSY/R Lab

discord_cond

Custom Conditions for the discord package

Description

Custom Conditions for the discord package

Usage

```
discord_cond(type, msg, class = paste0("discord-", type), call = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

type	One of the following conditions: c("error", "warning", "message")
msg	Message
class	Default is to prefix the 'type' argument with "discord", but can be more specific to the problem at hand.
call	What triggered the condition?
	Additional arguments that can be coerced to character or single condition object.

Value

A condition for discord.

Examples

Not run:

```
derr <- function(x) discord_cond("error", x)
dwarn <- function(x) discord_cond("warning", x)
dmess <- function(x) discord_cond("message", x)
return_class <- function(func) {
  tryCatch(func,
    error = function(cond) class(cond),
    warning = function(cond) class(cond),
    message = function(cond) class(cond)
  )
}</pre>
```

```
return_class(derr("error-class"))
return_class(dwarn("warning-class"))
return_class(dmess("message-class"))
```

End(Not run)

discord_data

Restructure Data to Determine Kinship Differences

Description

Restructure Data to Determine Kinship Differences

Usage

```
discord_data(
    data,
    outcome,
    predictors,
    id = NULL,
    sex = "sex",
    race = "race",
    pair_identifiers,
    demographics = "both",
    coding_method = "none"
)
```

Arguments

data	The data set with kinship pairs
outcome	A character string containing the outcome variable of interest.
predictors	A character vector containing the column names for predicting the outcome.
id	Default's to NULL. If supplied, must specify the column name corresponding to unique kinship pair identifiers.
sex	A character string for the sex column name.
race	A character string for the race column name.
pair_identifier	S
	A character vector of length two that contains the variable identifier for each kinship pair
demographics	Indicator variable for if the data has the sex and race demographics. If both are present (default, and recommended), value should be "both". Other options include "sex", "race", or "none".
coding_method	A character string that indicates what kind of additional coding schemes should be used. Default is none. Other options include "binary" and "multi".

discord_regression

Value

A data frame that contains analyzable, paired data for performing kinship regressions.

Examples

```
discord_data(
    data = data_sample,
    outcome = "height",
    predictors = "weight",
    pair_identifiers = c("_s1", "_s2"),
    sex = NULL,
    race = NULL,
    demographics = "none"
)
```

discord_regression	Perform a	Linear	Regression	within	the	Discordant	Kinship	Frame-
	work							

Description

Perform a Linear Regression within the Discordant Kinship Framework

Usage

```
discord_regression(
   data,
   outcome,
   predictors,
   demographics = NULL,
   id = NULL,
   sex = "sex",
   race = "race",
   pair_identifiers = c("_s1", "_s2"),
   data_processed = FALSE,
   coding_method = "none"
)
```

Arguments

data	The data set with kinship pairs
outcome	A character string containing the outcome variable of interest.
predictors	A character vector containing the column names for predicting the outcome.
demographics	Indicator variable for if the data has the sex and race demographics. If both are present (default, and recommended), value should be "both". Other options include "sex", "race", or "none".

id	Default's to NULL. If supplied, must specify the column name corresponding to unique kinship pair identifiers.			
sex	A character string for the sex column name.			
race	A character string for the race column name.			
pair_identifiers				
	A character vector of length two that contains the variable identifier for each kinship pair			
data_processed	Logical operator if data are already preprocessed by discord_data , default is \ensuremath{FALSE}			
coding_method	A character string that indicates what kind of additional coding schemes should be used. Default is none. Other options include "binary" and "multi".			

Value

Resulting 'lm' object from performing the discordant regression.

Examples

```
discord_regression(
   data = data_sample,
   outcome = "height",
   predictors = "weight",
   pair_identifiers = c("_s1", "_s2"),
   sex = NULL,
   race = NULL
)
```

kinsim

Simulate Biometrically informed Multivariate Data

Description

Generate paired multivariate data, given ACE parameters.

Usage

```
kinsim(
  r_all = c(1, 0.5),
  npg_all = 500,
  npergroup_all = rep(npg_all, length(r_all)),
  mu_all = 0,
  variables = 2,
  mu_list = rep(mu_all, variables),
  r_vector = NULL,
  ace_all = c(1, 1, 1),
  ace_list = matrix(rep(ace_all, variables), byrow = TRUE, nrow = variables),
```

kinsim

```
cov_a = 0,
cov_c = 0,
cov_e = 0,
...
```

Arguments

r_all	Levels of relatedness; default is MZ and DZ twins $c(1,.5)$.
npg_all	Sample size per group; default is 500.
npergroup_all	Vector of sample sizes by group; default repeats npg_all for all groups
mu_all	Mean for each generated variable; default is 0.
variables	Number of variables to generate; default is 2. Currently, limited to max of two variables.
mu_list	List of means by variable; default repeats mu_all for all variables
r_vector	Alternative, give vector of r coefficients for entire sample.
ace_all	Vector of variance components for each generated variable; default is $c(1,1,1)$.
ace_list	Matrix of ACE variance components by variable, where each row is its own variable; default is to repeat ace_all for each variable.
cov_a	Shared variance for additive genetics (a); default is 0.
cov_c	Shared variance for shared-environment (c); default is 0.
cov_e	shared variance for non-shared-environment (e); default is 0.
	Optional pass on additional inputs.

Value

Returns data.frame with the following:

Ai_1	genetic component for variable i for kin1
Ai_2	genetic component for variable i for kin2
Ci_1	shared-environmental component for variable i for kin1
Ci_2	shared-environmental component for variable i for kin2
Ei_1	non-shared-environmental component for variable i for kin1
Ei_2	non-shared-environmental component for variable i for kin2
yi_1	generated variable i for kin1
yi_2	generated variable i for kin2
r	level of relatedness for the kin pair
id	id

kinsim_internal

Description

Generate paired univariate data, given ACE parameters.

Usage

```
kinsim_internal(
  r = c(1, 0.5),
  npg = 100,
  npergroup = rep(npg, length(r)),
  mu = 0,
  ace = c(1, 1, 1),
  r_vector = NULL,
  ...
)
```

Arguments

r	Levels of relatedness; default is MZ and DZ twins c(1,.5)
npg	Sample size per group; default is 100.
npergroup	List of sample sizes by group; default repeats npg for all groups.
mu	Mean for generated variable; default is 0.
ace	Vector of variance components, ordered by $c(a, c, e)$; default is $c(1,1,1)$.
r_vector	Alternative, give vector of relatedness coefficients for entire sample.
	Optional pass on additional inputs.

Value

Returns data.frame with the following:

id	id
A1	genetic component for kin1
A2	genetic component for kin2
C1	shared-environmental component for kin1
C2	shared-environmental component for kin2
E1	non-shared-environmental component for kin1
E2	non-shared-environmental component for kin2
у1	generated variable for kin1 with mean of mu
у2	generated variable for kin2 with mean of mu
r	level of relatedness for the kin pair

make_mean_diffs Make Mean Differences

Description

This function calculates differences and means of a given variable for each kinship pair. The order of subtraction and the variables' names in the output dataframe depend on the order column set by check_sibling_order(). If the demographics parameter is set to "race", "sex", or "both", it also prepares demographic information accordingly, swapping the order of demographics as per the order column.

Usage

```
make_mean_diffs(
   data,
   id,
   sex,
   race,
   demographics,
   variable,
   pair_identifiers,
   row,
   coding_method = "none"
)
```

Arguments

data	The data set with kinship pairs
id	Default's to NULL. If supplied, must specify the column name corresponding to unique kinship pair identifiers.
sex	A character string for the sex column name.
race	A character string for the race column name.
demographics	Indicator variable for if the data has the sex and race demographics. If both are present (default, and recommended), value should be "both". Other options include "sex", "race", or "none".
variable	outcomes and predictors for manipulating the data
pair_identifiers	
	A character vector of length two that contains the variable identifier for each kinship pair
row	The row number of the data frame
coding_method	A character string that indicates what kind of additional coding schemes should be used. Default is none. Other options include "binary" and "multi".

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